

CLAIMS

We claim:

1. A non-naturally occurring variant TNF- α protein comprising an amino acid sequence that has at least one amino acid substitution as compared to the wild-type TNF- α sequence, wherein said variant TNF- α protein will preferentially interact with the wild-type TNF- α to form mixed trimers incapable of activating receptor signaling.

2. A non-naturally occurring TNF- α protein according to claim 1 wherein said TNF- α protein has from 3 to 5 amino acid substitutions as compared to wild-type TNF- α sequence.

3. The non-naturally occurring TNF- α protein according to claim 1, wherein said substitutions are selected from the group of substitutions consisting of K112D, Y115T, D143K, D143R AND Y115I.

4. A recombinant nucleic acid encoding the non-naturally occurring TNF- α protein of claim 1.

5. An expression vector comprising the recombinant nucleic acid of claim 4.

6. A host cell comprising the recombinant nucleic acid of claim 4.

7. A host cell comprising the expression vector of claim 5.

8. A method of producing a non-naturally occurring TNF- α protein comprising culturing the host cell of claim 6 under conditions suitable for expression of said nucleic acid.

9. The method according to claim 8 further comprising recovering said TNF- α protein.

10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a non-naturally occurring TNF- α protein according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutical carrier.

11. A method for treating a TNF- α related disorder comprising administering a non-naturally occurring TNF- α protein to a patient.

12. The method according to claim 11, wherein said condition is rheumatoid arthritis.